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Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards 30-31

# MARVIN E. JEWELL & CO., P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

## Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Crete, Nebraska

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Crete, Nebraska (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, the City of Crete, Nebraska prepares its financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information on a basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position – modified cash basis of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Crete, Nebraska, as of September 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position – modified cash basis thereof for the year then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In our opinion, the business-type activities financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the City of Crete, Nebraska as of September 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2005 on our consideration of the City of Crete, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government

Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The City of Crete, Nebraska, has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of, the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison information on pages 28 through 29, is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Marvin E. Jewell Co, PC

Lincoln, Nebraska November 18, 2005

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

September 30, 2005

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity – The City of Crete, Nebraska (the City) is a governmental entity established under and governed by the laws of the State of Nebraska. As a political subdivision of the State, the City is exempt from State and Federal income taxes. The City has considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations which are fiscally dependent on the City or the significance of their relationship with the City is such that exclusion would be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City. No component units were identified. The accompanying financial statements present the financial position and the changes in net assets and cash flows of the City only. The City is not includable as a component unit within another reporting entity.

**Basis of Presentation** – The accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information for the City have been prepared in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applies to governmental units.

The business-type activities financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. These financials include all relevant GASB pronouncements and applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The City's reporting entity does not apply FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, receipts/revenues and expenditures/expenses. Fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

(a) Total assets, liabilities, receipts/revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least ten percent (10%) of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type and

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

## September 30, 2005

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Total assets, liabilities, receipts/revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least five percent (5%) of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

#### **Governmental Funds**

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of the specific revenue sources that are either legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes or designated to finance particular functions or activities of the City. The only Special Revenue Fund reported as major is the sales tax fund, which accounts for the city sales tax receipts and budgeted transfers out to various funds. The City's other Special Revenue Funds are reported as non-major funds in the "Other Governmental Funds" column.

#### Capital Project Funds

Capital project funds are used to account for resources designated for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items. The City's Capital Project Fund is reported as a non-major fund in the "Other Governmental Funds" column.

#### **Debt Service Fund**

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term principal, interest and related costs. The debt service fund is reported as a major fund.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

#### **Enterprise Funds**

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-type activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

## September 30, 2005

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The reporting entity includes the following enterprise funds that are reported as major funds:

<u>Fund</u>	Brief Description
Major Funds	
Electric	Accounts for the activities of the City's electric distribution operations.
Water	Accounts for the activities of the City's water distribution operations.
Sewer	Accounts for the activities of the City's sewer system operations.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

#### Agency Funds

The agency funds account for fiduciary assets held by the City in a custodial capacity as an agent on behalf of others.

**Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus** – Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### **MEASUREMENT FOCUS**

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, as defined in item (b) below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- (a) All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- (b) The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

## September 30, 2005

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net assets/fund equity, receipts/revenues and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the City utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financials would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, business-type activities are presented using the accrual method of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Revenues from user fees and sale of labor, material and water are reported as operating revenues. Transactions which are capital, financing or investing related are reported as non-operating revenues. All expenses related to operating the proprietary funds are reported as operating expenses. Interest expense and financing costs are reported as non-operating expenses.

### ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

**Cash and cash equivalents** – For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

**Investments** – Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit whose original maturity term exceeds three months. Investments are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts – Estimated allowances for uncollectible amounts in the proprietary funds are determined based upon past collection experience and current economic conditions.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

## September 30, 2005

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Inventories – In the proprietary funds inventories are valued at cost.

**Prepaid expenses** – Prepaid expenses in the proprietary funds consist of insurance costs that have been prepaid for the next fiscal year. These costs will be recognized as expenditures in the subsequent year.

**Capital Assets** – Capital assets resulting from cash transactions acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

In the proprietary funds, capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Support received from federal and state grants and from the municipality and others to pay for a portion of the utility plant are considered contributions in aid of construction and are classified in the income statement as contributions and recognized when earned.

Maintenance and repairs are expended as incurred. When properties are disposed of, the related costs and accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any gain or loss on disposition is credited or charged to an expense.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective classes of assets as follows:

Buildings and improvements	25-40 years
Plant	
Equipment	

Accrued Expenses – Accrued expenses represent the proprietary funds' liability for accrued salaries and vacation. The City pays wages every two weeks. The cost of unused employee vacation time payable in the event of employee termination is also accrued. No accrual is made for sick pay since it does not vest. No accruals are made in the governmental funds as they are using the modified cash basis of accounting. In accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 43, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive vacation and sick leave benefits.

Long-term Debt – Long-term debt of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face amount of the bond is reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. Bond premiums, discounts and other bond issuance costs are recognized during the current period. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as current expenditures.

Long-term debts of proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the government-wide and proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### September 30, 2005

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

**Equity Classification** – In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- (a) Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.
- (b) Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by: (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- (c) Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net assets prior to use of unrestricted net assets when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Governmental fund equity is classified as a fund balance. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balances as either a reserved fund balance or an unreserved fund balance.

- (a) Reserved fund balance That portion of fund balance which is not available for appropriation or which has been legally segregated for a specific purpose.
- (b) Unreserved fund balance Composed of designated and undesignated portions. The undesignated portion of the unreserved fund balance represents that portion of fund balance that is available for budgeting in future periods. Designated fund balance represents tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

In the fund financial statements, governmental equity is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

## Receipts, Revenues, Expenditures and Expense -

#### PROGRAM RECEIPTS/REVENUES

In the Statement of Activities, modified cash basis revenues that are derived directly from each governmental activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

General Government Fees, rents, permits and licenses

Public Safety Fire service calls and other charges

Streets Reimbursements and labor and materials sold

Public Welfare Cemetery lot sales and specific donations

Culture and Recreation Admission and registration fees and specific donations

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

September 30, 2005

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Lottery Keno receipts

Assessments Paving and sewer assessment receipts

Capital Projects Grant and contribution receipts for specific capital

projects

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1<sup>st</sup>. Taxes are payable in two installments on May 1<sup>st</sup> and September 1<sup>st</sup>. The County bills and collects property taxes and remits to the City monthly. City property tax revenues are recognized when received by the County Treasurer.

#### **OPERATING REVENUE AND EXPENSES**

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. They also include all revenues and expenses not related to capital and related financing, non-capital financing or investing activities.

Internal and Interfund Balances and Activities – In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental and proprietary fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- (a) Interfund loans Amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.
- (b) Interfund services Sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- (c) Interfund reimbursements Repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements, but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds.
- (d) Interfund transfers Flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

(a) Internal balances – Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Assets, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Internal Balances.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### September 30, 2005

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Internal activities – Amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Transfers – Internal Activities. The effects of interfund services between funds, if any, are not eliminated in the Statement of Activities.

Use of Estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the other comprehensive basis of accounting (OCBOA) used by the City requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense). Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accounting Changes – In December 2004, the GASB issued Statement No. 46, Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 34. In June 2005, the GASB issued Statement No.47, Accounting for Termination Benefits. The City adopted GASB 46 and 47. The statements did not effect the City's statement of net assets, activities or cash flows.

**Reclassifications** – Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

#### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the City is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. No instances of noncompliance considered material to the financial statements were noted.

#### **NOTE 3 - CASH**

The statutes of the State of Nebraska authorize the City to invest in certificates of deposit and time deposits of banks or capital stock financial institutions, obligations of the United States government and agencies thereof any securities as provided in the Public Funds Deposit Security Act.

No deposits in excess of the amount insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) shall be allowed to accumulate in the bank unless:

- (a) The bank gives a surety bond;
- (b) The bank can give the City securities as collateral on the excess of funds;
- (c) The bank can issue a joint custody receipt to the benefit of the City where a third party bank actually holds the security.

The City's funds were invested in demand checking accounts, money market checking accounts and/or certificates of deposit. The fair market value of these investments is the same as cost.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

### September 30, 2005

## NOTE 3 - CASH (CONTINUED)

At September 30, 2005, the City's cash were comprised of the following:

- Category 1 Insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or by its agent in the entity's name.
- Category 2 Insured or collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the entity's name.
- Category 3 Uncollateralized or collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institution or trust department but not in the entity's name.

		Bank	Category				Book
	E	Balance	1	2	3		Balance
Pinnacle Bank City Bank Edward Jones Dain Rausher Union Bank US Bonds & Notes		1,676,172 2,240,211 189,000 5,942,016 16,291 500	200,000 200,000 - - 2,450 500	189,000 5,942,016 13,841	1,476,172 2,040,211 - - -		1,594,720 2,131,100 189,000 5,941,589 16,291 500
	\$ 1	0,064,190	402,950	6,144,857	3,516,383		9,873,200
Amount held for tr Cash on hand	ust ar	nd agency				_	(515) 200
Total cash						<u>\$</u>	9,872,885

The City had no unsecured deposits at September 30, 2005. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005, the City complied with the provisions of its enabling State legislation and the City's cash management and investment policy.

#### **NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES**

Management considers all accounts receivable to be collectible, accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been deemed necessary.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

September 30, 2005

#### NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

The City also sponsors a non-qualified deferred compensation 457 plan with Principal and Hartford. The plan was established and is amended by Board Resolution. Enrollment in the plan is voluntary and no participation is required. The City does not match any portion of this plan. These requirements were established and may be amended by Board Resolution. The total accumulative pension contributions transferred to the plan's trustees for the year ended September 30, 2005 were \$19,179.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the City sponsors a flexible spending plan to cover medical expenses not reimbursed by other health insurance plans. All employees are eligible to participate with the exception of firemen personnel. Participants designate an amount to be withheld from each paycheck and then submit vouchers for reimbursement of allowable expenses. The reimbursement may not exceed the amount in the individual participants' account. The participant has ninety days after the end of the plan year to zero out his account before the money is remitted to the City Treasurer.

#### **NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of; damage to and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; and natural disasters. The City manages these various risks of loss as follows:

<del></del>	Type of Loss	Method Managed	Risk of Loss Retained
(a)	Torts, errors and omissions	Purchased commercial insurance	None
(b)	Workers compensation, health and life	Purchased commercial insurance	Health insurance claims not exceeding \$15,000/covered person
(c)	Physical property loss and natural disasters	Purchased commercial insurance	None

The City entered into a contract with Regional Care, Inc. (RCI) effective July 1, 2005. This contract establishes RCI as the third party claims administrator of the self funded insurance plan. Insurance is provided by Midlands Choice to cover claims exceeding \$15,000 per covered person. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City. Settled claims have not exceeded this insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

September 30, 2005

#### **NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

Capital Lease – On September 20, 2005, the City entered into a lease with City Bank & Trust Company for the purpose of leasing a maintenance facility for use by the Park and Recreation Department. The lease agreement requires four annual payments of \$6,000 beginning October 17, 2006 with a final lump sum payment of \$48,344 due October 17, 2010. The City will receive title to the structure after all amounts due under the lease agreement have been paid. Although this lease is a capital lease, the City uses the modified cash basis of accounting in the general funds and will recognize the lease expense as the cash is expended. No lease expenses were paid for the year ended September 30, 2005.

**Concentration of Credit Risk** – The City provides water and sewer services to residents of the City of Crete, Nebraska. In the course of providing these services, the City extends credit to its customers, which is uncollateralized.

Purchase Power Contract - On May 29, 1986 the City entered into a contract with Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska (MEAN) for total power requirement. This agreement states that the City will purchase its power needs in excess of the power supplied by the United States Department of Energy, Western Area Power Administration directly from MEAN. To ensure that MEAN had adequate power to supply their municipal customers, MEAN participated in the building of certain power plants. The City committed to purchase power directly from MEAN for the longer of ten years or when the bonds to build the power plant had been paid in full. The power plant bonds are scheduled to be paid in full in the year 2017. The City has agreed to participate in MEAN CB4 Project with includes a new electric generating station. The estimated Project construction cost to MEAN is 76 million dollars to be funded through issuing electric revenue bonds with an anticipated payoff date of 2037. The City plans to commit to purchase power directly from MEAN until the bonds are paid in full. The dollar amount of power purchased from MEAN was \$2,648,850 for the year ended September 30, 2005. As part of this agreement, the City has agreed to maintain its facility in working order so that if additional power is needed by MEAN it can use the City's facility to generate such power. MEAN has agreed to pay the City a fee for maintaining its power plant in working condition. The amount paid to the City was \$564,120 for the year ended September 30, 2005. The City has the option to assign its rights and commitments in this contract if the entity to which it is assigning such rights and commitments is acceptable to MEAN.

Compliance Audits – In the normal course of operations, the City receives grant funds from various Federal and State agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

Litigation – The City is subject to claims and other actions arising in the ordinary course of business. Some of these claims and actions have resulted in lawsuits where the City is a defendant. Management believes that the ultimate obligations, if any, which may result from unfavorable outcomes of such lawsuits, will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the City and such obligations, if any, would be adequately covered by insurance.

# MARVIN E. JEWELL & CO., P.C.

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Report on Internal Control Over Financial
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Crete, Nebraska

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Crete, Nebraska (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2005. Our report discloses that the City prepares its financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information on a basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the City's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. The reportable condition is:

<u>Segregation of Duties</u> – One important aspect of internal control is the segregation of duties among employees to prevent an individual employee from handling duties which are incompatible. Authorization or approval of transactions, recording of transactions, and custody of the assets should normally be segregated activities. Due to the size of the accounting staff, there is limited possibility for separation of accounting duties.

<u>Recommendation</u> – We realize segregation of duties is difficult with a limited number of office employees. However, the City should review its control procedures to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

Response - We will consider this.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response acknowledged. The City should segregate duties to the extent possible with existing personnel and utilize administrative personnel to provide additional control through review of financial transactions and reports.

Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we consider the reportable condition described above to be a material weakness.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

However, we noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated February 15, 2006.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Mayor, City Council, management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Marvin E. Jewell . Co., P.C.

Lincoln, Nebraska November 18, 2005

# Statement of Net Assets - Modified Cash Basis

# September 30, 2005

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS	Houvilles	Autivitios	Total
CURRENT ASSETS	•		
Cash	\$ 1,984,756	ፈ <i>-</i> 571,419	2,556,175
Cash held by County Treasurer	3 - 101,576	-	101,576
Investments	<b>2</b> - 127,918	4 - 6,649,039	6,776,957
Accounts receivable, less allowance		,	
for doubtful accounts	-	714,945	714,945
Assessments receivable	-	(173,318)	173,318
Interest receivable Inventory	-	35,659 341,696	35,659
Internal balances	358,900	以一 (358,900)	341,696
Prepaid expenses	( 000,000	45,945	45,945
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	2,573,150	8,173,121	10,746,271
RESTRICTED ASSETS	2,010,100	0,110,121	10,140,271
Cash	_	Ц <b>~</b> 473,973	473,973
Cash held by County Treasurer	3 - 2,595	-	2,595
Investments	2 - 54,114	以~ 774,912	829,026
Interest receivable	<u> </u>	2,178	2,178
TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSETS	56,709	1,251,063	1,307,772
NET PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT		12,819,113	12,819,113
OTHER ASSETS	400.400.000	58,292	58,292
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,629,859	22,301,589	24,931,448
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Bank overdraft	\$ 629,636	133,610	763,246
Current portion of bonds payable	-	250,990	250,990
Accounts payable	*	558,132	558,132
Accrued expenses	-	68,415	68,415
Payroll withholdings	39,921	-	39,921
Consumer deposits		68,334	68,334
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	669,557	1,079,481	1,749,038
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	•	3,767,092	3,767,092
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	-	8,765,556	8,765,556
Restricted for:			
Debt service	56,709	1,182,729	1,239,438
Capital projects	500,000	-	500,000
Other purposes	30,000	-	30,000
Unrestricted	1,373,593	7,506,731	8,880,324
TOTAL NET ASSETS	1,960,302	17,455,016	19,415,318
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 2,629,859	22,301,589	24,931,448

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis

# For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

					Net Receipts / Revenue (Disbursements /			
		Progra	am Receipts/Re	evenues	Expense)	and Changes in N	et Assets	
	Cash Disbursements/ Expenditures	Charges for Services		Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
Functions/Programs			-			7.101.711.00		
Governmental Activities		•						
General Government	\$ (594,876)	588,061	-	-	(6,815)	-	(6,815)	
Public Safety	(1,011,281)	67,572	-	71,402	(872,307)	-	(872,307)	
Streets	(374,857)	18,196	-	48,026	(308,635)	-	(308,635)	
Public Welfare	(172,370)	154,400	30,000	-	12,030	-	12,030	
Culture and Recreation	(621,120)	70,991	4,196	14,913	(531,020)	_	(531,020)	
Lottery	(15,336)	71,206	-	_	55,870	_	55,870	
Assessments	-	186,651	-	-	186,651	-	186,651	
Capital Projects	(242,477)	-	-	500,000	257,523	-	257,523	
Principal, interest and charges on debt	(3,093,523)	13,056	-		(3,080,467)		(3,080,467)	
Total Governmental Activities	(6,125,840)	1,170,133	34,196	634,341	(4,287,170)		(4,287,170)	
Business-Type Activities					•			
Electric	(6,369,831)	6,285,611	-	•	-	(84,220)	(84,220)	
Water	(590,118)	682,342	-	-	-	92,224	92,224	
Sewer	(643,023)	518,294		-	-	(124,729)	(124,729)	
Total Business-Type Activities	(7,602,972)	7,486,247	-	-		(116,725)	(116,725)	
Total Primary Government	\$ (13,728,812)	8,656,380	34,196	634,341	(4,287,170)	(116,725)	(4,403,895)	
	General Revenue Property Tax	es:			687,778	_	687,778	
	Motor Vehicle T	ax			123,729	_	123,729	
	Sales and Use	Tax			581,336	-	581,336	
	Highway allocal		tive payments		403,606	-	403,606	
	State aid and e	qualization			269,448	-	269,448	
	Investment Ear				42,068	299,246	341,314	
	Miscellaneous ( Net bond proceed		nues		140,558	-	140,558 -	
	Total General F	levenues			2,248,523	299,246	2,547,769	
	Change in Ne	t Assets			(2,038,647)	182,521	(1,856,126)	
	Net Assets - Begi				3,998,949	17,272,495	21,271,444	
	Net Assets - Endi	ng			\$ 1,960,302	17,455,016	19,415,318	

# Balance Sheet – Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds

## September 30, 2005

Other Governmental

					Governmental	
	Ge	neral Fund	Debt Service	Sales Tax	Funds	Total
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash	\$	188,082	-	531,787	1,264,887	1,984,756
Cash held by County Treasurer Investments		101,576	-	-	-	101,576
Intertund loans		-	358,900	/E00.000\	127,918	127,918
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		200.650		(500,000)	500,000	358,900
TOTAL CORRENT ASSETS		289,658	358,900	31,787	1,892,805	2,573,150
RESTRICTED ASSETS						
Cash held by County Treasurer		-	2,595	-	-	2,595
Investments		-	54,114			54,114
TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSETS		-	56,709			56,709
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	289,658	415,609	31,787	1,892,805	2,629,859
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Bank overdraft	\$	162,711	430,343	_	36,582	629,636
Payroll withholdings	•	39,921	-	-	-	39,921
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		202,632	430,343	-	36,582	669,557
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt		_	_	_	_	
Reserved for:			_	_	-	-
Capital projects		_			E00 000	E00 000
Debt service			56,709	•	500,000	500,000
Other purposes		-	50,709	-	-	56,709
• •		-	-	-	30,000	30,000
Unreserved reported in:		07.000				
General fund		87,026	-	-	-	87,026
Debt service fund		-	(71,443)	-	-	(71,443)
Capital projects fund		-	-	-	98,334	98,334
Special revenue funds			_	31,787	1,227,889	1,259,676
TOTAL NET ASSETS		87,026	(14,734)	31,787	1,856,223	1,960,302
TOTAL LIABILITIES						
AND NET ASSETS	\$	289,658	415,609	31,787	1,892,805	2,629,859

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds

# For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

				Other	
	General	Debt		Governmental	
	Fund	Service	Sales Tax	Funds	Total
REVENUES		*			
Taxes	\$ 751,514	18,480	581,336	41,513	1,392,843
Intergovernmental	269,448	-	-	423,206	692,654
Charges for services	604,603	199,707	-	346,223	1,150,533
Investment income	3,215	33,103	1,484	4,266	42,068
Miscellaneous	<u>119,944</u>			20,614	140,558
TOTAL REVENUES	1,748,724	251,290	582,820	835,822	3,418,656
EXPENDITURES					
General Government	344,869	_	25,345	224,662	594,876
Public Safety	875,338	-	· _	135,943	1,011,281
Streets	-	-	_	374,857	374,857
Public Welfare	99,060	-	-	73,310	172,370
Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	621,120	621,120
Lottery	-	-	-	15,336	15,336
Capital Projects	-	8,820	-	233,657	242,477
Principal, interest and		0.000.500	-		0.000.500
charges on debt		3,093,523			3,093,523
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,319,267	3,102,343	25,345	1,678,885	6,125,840
EXCESS REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	429,457	(2,851,053)	557,475	(843,063)	(2,707,184)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	564,280	326,327	-	1,073,683	1,964,290
Transfers out	(906,033)	· -	(583,235)	(475,022)	(1,964,290)
Issuance of debt	-	**	-	· -	-
Redemption of debt	-	-	-	-	-
Grants and contributions	103,397	-		565,140	668,537
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	(238,356)	326,327	(583,235)	1,163,801	668,537
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	191,101	(2,524,726)	(25,760)	320,738	(2,038,647)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	(104,075)	2,509,992	57,547	1,535,485	3,998,949
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 87,026	(14,734)	31,787	1,856,223	1,960,302
	,	\			

## Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds

**September 30, 2005** 

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds				
	Electric	Water	Sewer	Total	
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash	\$ 208,390	363,029	-	571,419	
Investments	6,349,350	=	299,689	6,649,039	
Accounts receivable, less allowance	E00 400	75 004	E4.7E0	744.045	
for doubtful accounts Assessments receivable	588,162	75,031 13,622	51,752 159,696	714,945 173,318	
Interest receivable	34,916	13,022	743	35,659	
Inventory	315,223	26,316	157	341,696	
Prepaid expenses	29,532	8,704	7,709	45,945	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	7,525,573	486,702	519,746	8,532,021	
RESTRICTED ASSETS					
Cash	51,020	422,953	-	473,973	
Investments	662,554	4,874	107,484	774,912	
Interest receivable	692	1,486	<u> </u>	2,178	
TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSETS	714,266	429,313	107,484	1,251,063	
NET PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT	5,618,066	3,489,281	3,711,766	12,819,113	
OTHER ASSETS					
Deferred bond costs, less amortization	26,030	18,871	13,391	58,292	
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS	26,030	18,871	13,391	58,292	
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 13,883,935</u>	4,424,167	4,352,387	22,660,489	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Bank overdraft	\$ -	-	133,610	133,610	
Current portion of revenue bonds	110,450	80,540	60,000	250,990	
Accounts payable	542,554	8,495	7,083	558,132	
Accrued expenses Interfund loans	35,030	20,236	13,149	68,415	
Interruna loans Consumer deposits	(289,248) 68,334	664,061	(15,913)	358,900 68,334	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	467,120	773,332	197,929	1,438,381	
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	1,718,575	1,232,630	815,887	3,767,092	
NET ASSETS		.,	0.0,001	5,. 61,60L	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,756,771	2,172,906	2,835,879	8,765,556	
Restricted for debt service	645,932	429,313	107,484	1,182,729	
Unrestricted	7,295,537	(184,014)	395,208	7,506,731	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	11,698,240	2,418,205	3,338,571	17,455,016	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 13,883,935	4,424,167	4,352,387	22,660,489	

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

# For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds					
	Electric	Water	Sewer	Total		
OPERATING REVENUES						
User fees	\$ 5,462,879	673,706	512,219	6,648,804		
MEAN - lease	564,120	*	-	564,120		
Other	258,612	8,636	6,075	273,323		
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	6,285,611	682,342	518,294	7,486,247		
OPERATING EXPENSES Production and Treatment:						
Salaries	155,631	-	118,386	274,017		
Fuel and natural gas	217,005	-	-	217,005		
Depreciation	158,580	78,860	111,329	348,769		
Supplies and maintenance	55,659	20,648	23,788	100,095		
Power and utilities Other	41,247 	41,486 	67,368 10,160	150,101 10,160		
	628,122	140,994	331,031	1,100,147		
Power Purchased	4,322,139	-	_	4,322,139		
Transmission -			_			
Depreciation	4,929		_	4,929		
Distribution and Collection:						
Depreciation	155,290	40,117	30,550	225,957		
Maintenance and vehicle expense	244,065	101,295	39,553	384,913		
Supplies	<u> </u>	<u>8,892</u> .	<del>-</del>	8,892		
General and Administrative:	399,355	150,304	70,103	619,762		
Salaries	200,045	112,889	75,533	388,467		
Payroll taxes and employee benefits	186,039	67,679	66,178	319,896		
Insurance, general	79,087	25,038	22,141	126,266		
Professional fees	24,531	11,459	13,216	49,206		
Office expense	16,205	10,254	11,499	37,958		
Repairs and maintenance	7,767	3,243	6,326	17,336		
Depreciation	9,568	1,565	2,560	13,693		
Bad debt	1,095	•	•	1,095		
In lieu of taxes	265,400	-	-	265,400		
Franchise fee	116,608	-	-	116,608		
Other	20,181	3,326	2,144	25,651		
	926,526	235,453	199,597	1,361,576		
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	6,281,071	526,751	600,731	7,408,553		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	4,540	155,591	(82,437)	77,694		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSE	S)					
Investment earnings	273,110	16,006	10,130	299,246		
Interest expense	(86,480)	(61,709)	(41,093)	(189,282)		
Amortization	(2,280)	(1,658)	(1,199)	(5,137)		
TOTAL NONOPERATING						
REVENUES (EXPENSES)	184,350	(47,361)	(32,162)	104,827		
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	188,890	108,230	(114,599)	182,521		
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING	11,509,350	2,309,975	3,453,170	17,272,495		
NET ASSETS - ENDING	\$ 11,698,240	2,418,205	3,338,571	17,455,016		

<sup>.</sup> The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

# For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

·	Business-Type Activities Enterprise F				unds	
		Electric	Water	Sewer	Total	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					-	
Cash received from customers	. \$	5,438,973	669,863	500,989	6,609,825	
Cash received from MEAN lease		564,120	-	-	564,120	
Cash received from other operating revenues		248,985	20,197	9,556	278,738	
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	,	(4,995,865)	(171,347)	(236,430)	(5,403,642)	
Cash paid to employees and professional contractors for services, including benefits and taxes		(642,677)	(020.005)	(407.027)	(4.074.000)	
Cash paid for in lieu of tax		(265,400)	(232,225)	(197,037) -	(1,071,939) (265,400)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	348,136	286,488	77,078	711,702	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL						
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Purchase of property and equipment		(353,583)	(37,166)	(15,921)	(406,670)	
Principal payments on bonds		(108,100)	(78,775)	(58,500)	(245,375)	
Interest payments on bonds		(86,480)	(61,715)	(41,120)	(189,315)	
Loan from other funds		-	1,342	-	1,342	
Increase (decrease) in bank overdraft	_	,(99,009)		28,981	(70,028)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(647,172)	(176,314)	(86,560)	(910,046)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	_			,		
Redemption of investments		237,688	_	_	237,688	
Purchase of investments		· -	-	(648)	(648)	
Investment income		276,677	15,718	10,130	302,525	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		514,365	15,718	9,482	539,565	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		215,329	125,892	-	341,221	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		44,081	660,090	•	704,171	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	259,410	785,982	•	1,045,392	
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Income (loss) from operations	\$	4,540	155,591	(82,437)	77,694	
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations						
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation		328,367	120,542	144,439	593,348	
Adjustments for working capital changes:						
(Increase) decrease in:						
Receivables		(14,011)	7,718	(3,213)	(9,506)	
Inventory		(30,062)	(1,025)	-	(31,087)	
Prepaid expenses		1,034	491	13,202	14,727	
Increase (decrease) in:						
Accounts payable and internal balances		45,971	1,999	5,142	53,112	
Accrued expenses		7,847	1,172	(55)	8,964	
Consumer deposits	_	4,450		_	4,450	
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	348,136	286,488	77,078	711,702	

# Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

# September 30, 2005

	Fireman's I	und	Airport Authority
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS Cash	\$	515	
Cash at County Treasurer			7,257
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		515	-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	515	_
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Due to other taxing units	\$	515	7,257
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>515</u>	7,257
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		<u>-</u>	
NET ASSETS		-	_
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	<u>515</u>	7,257

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

## September 30, 2005

## **NOTE 5 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

Major classes of property and equipment in the proprietary funds at September 30, 2005 consist of the following:

	CAPITAL				
	ASSETS, NOT				
	DEPRECIATED	CAPITAL AS	SETS, DEPRE	ECIATED	
		Buildings and			
	Land	Improvements	Equipment	Vehicles	Totals
Business-type activities Electric	•				
Balance September 30, 2004 Increases	\$ 103,232	12,698,746 161,246	1,359,620 66,403	521,108 125,934	14,682,706 353,583
Balance September 30, 2005	103,232	12,859,992	1,426,023	647,042	15,036,289
Accumulated Depreciation Balance September 30, 2004 Increases	- -	7,457,691 272,079	1,150,717 36,935	481,448 19,353	9,089,856 328,367
Balance September 30, 2005	_	7,729,770	1,187,652	500,801	9,418,223
Capital assets, net	103,232	5,130,222	238,371	146,241	5,618,066
Water					
Balance September 30, 2004 Increases	\$ 6,587	5,082,401 2,718	183,370 34,448	52,475	5,324,833 37,166
Balance September 30, 2005	6,587	5,085,119	217,818	52,475	5,361,999
Accumulated Depreciation Balance September 30, 2004 Increases		1,600,307 115,336	100,717 4,966	51,152 240	1,752,176 120,542
Balance September 30, 2005		1,715,643	105,683	51,392	1,872,718
Capital assets, net	6,587	3,369,476	112,135	1,083	3,489,281
Sewer					
Balance September 30, 2004 Increases	100,721	5,744,880 1,560	414,620 14,361	154,503	6,414,724 15,921
Balance September 30, 2005	100,721	5,746,440	428,981	154,503	6,430,645
Accumulated Depreciation Balance September 30, 2004		2 224 446	405 704	454.500	0.574.440
Increases	-	2,224,146 131,077	195,791 13,362	154,503 -	2,574,440 144,439
Balance September 30, 2005	-	2,355,223	209,153	154,503	2,718,879
Capital assets, net	100,721	3,391,217	219,828	*	3,711,766
Business-type Activities Capital assets, net	\$ 210,540	11,890,915	570 22 <i>4</i>	147,324	10 040 440
Capital accord, Not	Ψ <u>ΔΙΟ,040</u>	כו פוטפטוו ז	570,334	147,324	12,819,113

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

September 30, 2005

# NOTE 5 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

No depreciation expense is recognized in the governmental funds. Depreciation expense was charged to the business-type activities as follows:

Electric	\$ 328,367
Water	120,542
Sewer	<u> 144,439</u>

Total depreciation expense \$593,348

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

# September 30, 2005

## **NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

As of September 30, 2005, the long-term debt payable from governmental fund resources consisted of the following:

consisted of the johowill	Balance Sept. 30, 2004	Bonds Issued	Bonds Redeemed	Balance Sept. 30, 2005	Amount Due Within One Year
Leasehold revenue bonds: Dated April, 1998, interest 3.7%- 5.05%, final payment due April, 2013	\$ 500,000		(45,000)	455,000	50,000
General obligation bond: Dated June, 2000, interest 4.50%-5.85%, final payment due June, 2020	2,225,000	-	(2,225,000)	-	-
General obligation various prupse bonds: Dated November, 2001, interest 2.10%-5.00%, final payment due November, 2021	1,225,000	-	(50,000)	1,175,000	50,000
General obligation refunding bonds, Dated February, 2003, interest 1.40%-4.50%, final payment due February, 2016	1,166,543	-	(109,625)	1,056,918	114,010
General obligation various perpose bonds: Dated September, 2004, interest 1.00%-4.20%, final payment due September, 2020	3,580,000	_	(235,000)	3,345,000	240,000
	\$ 8,696,543	-	(2,664,625)	6,031,918	454,010

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# September 30, 2005

# NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of bonds and notes payable in the proprietary funds at September 30, 2005:

	Balance Sept. 30, 2004	Bonds Issued	Bonds Redeemed	Balance Sept. 30, 2005	Amount Due Within One Year
Electric bonds: Dated April, 2002, interest 1.90%-5.20%, final payment due April, 2017	\$ 1,937,125	-	(108,100)	1,829,025	110,450
Water bonds: Dated February, 2003, interest 1.40%-4.50%, final payment due February,					
2016	30,735	-	(2,875)	27,860	2,990
Water bonds: Dated April, 2002, interest 1.90%-5.20%, final payment due April, 2017	1,361,210	-	(75,900)	1,285,310	77,550
Sewer bonds: Dated February, 2003, interest 1.40%-4.50%, final payment due February, 2016	132,722	-	(12,500)	120,222	13,000
Sewer bonds: Dated April, 2002, interest 1.90%-5.20%, final payment due April, 2017	801,665	_	(46,000)	755,665	47,000
, . ,	001,000		(40,000)	100,000	47,000
	<u>\$ 4,263,457</u>	<del>-</del>	(245,375)	4,018,082	250,990

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

**September 30, 2005** 

## NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The aggregate schedule of maturities of long-term liabilities, including principal and interest, for the five years subsequent to September 30, 2005 is as follows:

Year ending	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty		
September 30,	_Principal_	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2006	\$ 454,010	210,940	250,990	95,172	1,011,112
2007	449,625	200,900	260,375	176,443	1,087,343
2008	459,010	189,421	265,990	166,453	1,080,874
2009	477,780	176,231	. 282,220	155,679	1,091,910
2010	497,780	161,318	292,220	143,690	1,095,008
2011-2015	2,164,650	551,568	1,635,350	508,790	4,860,358
2016-2020	1,344,063	207,214	1,030,937	87,249	2,669,463
2021-2022	185,000	9,371	_		194,371
	<u>\$6,031,918</u>	1,706,963	4,018,082	1,333,476	13,090,439

Interest of \$342,218 and \$189,282 was paid on governmental and proprietary bonds, respectively, during the year.

## NOTE 7 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Interfund loans at September 30, 2005 consist of the following:

Due To Due From			າ	
		Water	Sewer	Debt Service
Debt Service	\$	379,594	-	_
Electric		284,467	4,781	-
Sewer		<u></u>		20,694
Total	\$	664,061	4,781	20,694

Interfund loans are recorded when funds overdraw their share of pooled cash. These balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

September 30, 2005

## NOTE 7 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY (CONTINUED)

Transfers between funds of the primary government for the year ended September 30, 2005 were as follows:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Major Funds		
General Fund	\$ 564,280	906,033
Debt Service	326,327	-
Sales Tax	-	583,235
Non-major Funds	1,073,683	475,022
Total	\$ 1,964,290	1,964,290

The flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected is reported as transfers. Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### **NOTE 8 - RESTRICTED ASSETS**

Restricted assets are composed of amounts held by the debt service fund for the payment of general long-term principal, interest and related costs of \$1,239,438, and amounts held by the non-major special revenue funds of \$500,000 for an economic development activity and \$30,000 to be held as an endowment with the interest being used for cemetery maintenance.

#### NOTE 9 - DEFICIT NET ASSETS

The following funds had a net asset or fund balance deficit as of September 30, 2005:

Debt service fund	\$ (14,734)
Special Revenue Funds:	
Fire Equipment	(5,532)
Library	(2,771)
Pool	(23,955)

#### **NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLANS**

The City sponsors a defined contribution plan with Principal Mutual Life Insurance Company. It covers all employees except firemen personnel. The plan was established and is amended by Board resolution. Enrollment in the plan is mandatory. Each participant shall have 6% of their compensation deferred. The City matches 100% of the deferred contribution. These requirements were established and may be amended by Board Resolution. The total accumulative pension contributions transferred to the plan's trustee for the year ended September 30, 2005 were \$123,713.

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Cash Basis (Required Supplementary Information)

# For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Receipts					
General			2,416,401		
Debt Service			577,617		
Sales tax fund			582,820		
Other governmental funds			2,474,645		
Electric			6,528,755		
Water			705,778		
Sewer			520,675		
	\$ 14,990,521	14,990,521	13,806,691	(1,183,830)	
Disbursements					
General			2,225,300		
Debt Service			3,102,343		
Sales tax fund			608,580		
Other governmental funds			2,153,907		
Electric			6,214,417		
Water			579,886		
Sewer			549,656		
	19,828,785	19,828,785	15,434,089	4,394,696	
	\$ (4,838,264)	(4,838,264)	(1,627,398)	3,210,866	

# Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Cash Basis (Required Supplementary Information)

#### For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

#### Basis of Accounting

The budget is prepared on the cash basis of accounting. Revenues and expenditures are reported when they result from cash transactions. Because state law requires that a municipality's annual budget be prepared on the cash basis of accounting, the budget adopted by the City Council is inconsistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### **Budget Law**

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements;

- (a) The City Council shall prepare a proposed all-purpose operating budget statement in writing and file with the secretary or clerk.
- (b) Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- (c) A copy of the adopted budget must be filed with the levying board and the State Auditor's office. Proof of publication shall be attached.
- (d) Budgets are adopted on a cash basis. Amendments that alter the total expenditures require that an additional public hearing be held.

Revenues are budgeted in the year receipt is expected and expenditures are budgeted in the year expenses are expected to be paid. Appropriations for budgeted funds lapse at fiscal year end.

## Reconciliation of Proprietary Funds to Cash Basis for Budget Comparison

	Electric	<u>Water</u>	Sewer	Total
Receipts - Accrual	\$ 6,558,721	698,348	528,424	7,785,493
Accounts receivable	(29,966)	7,430	(7,749)	(30,285)
Receipts - Cash	6,528,755	705,778	520,675	7,755,208
Disbursements - Accrual	6,369,831	590,118	643,023	7,602,972
Investment purchase	(237,688)	-	648	(237,040)
Bond payments	108,100	78,775	58,500	245,375
Property and equipment	353,583	37,166	15,921	406,670
Depreciation and amortization	(330,647)	(122,200)	(145,638)	(598,485)
Inventory	30,062	1,025	-	31,087
Prepaid expenses	(25,127)	(491)	(17,738)	(43,356)
Accounts payable	(45,850)	(3,341)	(5,142)	(54,333)
Accrued expenses	(7,847)	(1,166)	82	(8,931)
Disbursements - Cash	6,214,417	579,886	549,656	7,343,959
Net income - Cash	\$ 314,338	125,892	(28,981)	411,249